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August 18, 2016

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20-H3 65243-84

ADDENDUM FOR:

NEW CAL SAFE PERMANENT MODULAR CLASSROOM BUILDING AT MADERA SOUTH HIGH SCHOOL

MADERA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
MADERA, MADERA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

James R. Morrelli

C-33128

M-026224

ARCHITECT

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ADDENDUM NUMBER NON-DSA

ADDENDUM NO. 1

TO PROSPECTIVE BIDDERS:

This Addendum forms a part of the Contract Documents and modifies the Contract Documents dated August 3, 2016.

Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of this Addendum in the space provided in the Bid Form. Failure to do so may disqualify the Bidder.

This Addendum consists of 2 printed pages and the following Attachments:

MUSD Addenda 1 - Bid No. 080416 Specification Section 00 4100 - Bid Form Revised

CHANGES TO THE PROJECT MANUAL

ITEM NO. 1.1: Refer to Madera USD Bid No. 080416:

Make all revisions as required per MUSD Addenda 1 - Bid No. 080416, attached.

ITEM NO. 1.2: Refer to Section 00 3110 - Preliminary Schedules:

Revised item 2.3 to read:

.3 Time of Completion: Complete all work within 75 calendar days, commencing with the date established in the written notice from Owner to proceed, and ending with the date of the Notice of Completion.

ITEM NO. 1.3: Refer to Section 00 3110 - Preliminary Schedules:

Revised item 4 to read:

- .1 Phase 1: All Minor Demolition and Site Preparation including concrete stem wall foundations and foundation drainage shall be completed between September 1 October 9, 2016 (39 calendar days).
- .2 Phase 2: The Relocatable Classroom Building shall be delivered to site and set on the new concrete stem wall foundation, by the owner under separate contract between October 10, 2016 October 16, 2016 (7 calendar days).
- .3 Phase 3: All remaining work, Plumbing, Storm Drain, Electrical, Fire Alarm hook-up as required to satisfactorily complete the work indicated in the Drawings and Project Manual shall be completed no later than November 14, 2016 (75 calendar days, total).

ITEM NO. 1.4: Add Section 26 6000 - General Conditions for Electrical Work

ITEM NO. 1.5: Add Section 26 7000 - Basic Electrical Materials and Methods

ITEM NO. 1.6: Add Section 26 8000 - Grounding

ITEM NO. 1.7: Add Section 26 9500 - Electrical Acceptance Tests

ITEM NO. 1.8: Add Section 28 3100 - Electrical Acceptance Tests

END OF ADDENDUM NUMBER 1

Bid No. 080416 New Cal Safe Permanent Modular Classroom at Madera South High School Addenda 1

Replace ARTICLE 2. TIME FOR COMPLETION. (from page 38) with the following:

ARTICLE 2. TIME FOR COMPLETION. The Work shall be commenced on the date stated in the District's Notice to Proceed. The Contractor shall complete all Work required by the Contract Documents within seventy-five (75) calendar days from the commencement date stated in the Notice to Proceed. By its signature hereunder, Contractor agrees the time for completion set forth above is adequate and reasonable to complete the Work.

Replace paragraph b. from Article 9. Submittals (page 62) with the following:

Contractor will provide a minimum of two (2) sets of 'hard' samples with submittals, together with catalogs and supporting data required by the District Representative, to the District Representative within a reasonable time period to provide for adequate review and avoid delays in the Work. Most submittals will be made digitally. When hard copy submittals are required Contractor will provide a maximum of six (6) copies.

Replace paragraph b. from Article 45. FORM AND PROOF OF CARRIAGE OF INSURANCE (from page 80) with the following:

Contractor shall cause its insurance carrier(s) to furnish the District with either 1) a properly executed original Certificates(s) of Insurance and certified original copies of Endorsements effecting coverage as required herein, or 2) if requested to do so in writing by the District Risk Manager, provide original Certified copies of policies including all Endorsements and all attachments thereto, showing such insurance is in full force and effect. The District, its Director's and officers, employees, agents or representatives (including but not limited to Mangini Associates) shall be named as Additional Insureds on all policies of Commercial General Liability and Automobile Liability Insurance and Contractor shall provide a Waiver of Subrogation in favor of those parties. Further, said Certificates(s) and policies of insurance shall contain the covenant of the insurance carrier(s) that shall provide no less than thirty (30) days written notice be given to the District prior to any material modification or cancellation of such insurance. In the event of a material modification or cancellation of coverage, the District may terminate or Stop Work pursuant to the Contract Documents, unless the District receives, prior to such effective date, another properly executed original Certificate of Insurance and original copies of endorsements or certified original policies, including all endorsements and attachments thereto evidencing coverages set forth herein and the insurance required herein is in full force and effect. Contractor shall not take possession, or use the Project Site, or commence operations under this Agreement until the District has been furnished original Certificate(s) of Insurance and certified original copies of Endorsements or policies of insurance including all Endorsements and any and all other attachments as required in this Section. The original Endorsements for each policy and the Certificate of Insurance shall be signed by an individual authorized by the insurance carrier to do so on its behalf.

Omit Article 75. INSPECTOR'S FIELD OFFICE (from page 101)

SECTION 26 6000 - GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR ELECTRICAL WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. The general provisions of the Contract, including General Conditions and Specification Division 1, General Requirements, shall form a part of this Section, with the same force and effect as though repeated here. The provisions of this Section shall apply to all of the following Sections of Division 26 of these Specifications and shall be considered a part of these Sections.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work and materials shall fully comply with current rules and regulations of all applicable codes. Nothing in these Drawings or Specifications shall be interpreted as to permit any work not in compliance with these codes. Where work is detailed and/or specified to a more restrictive standard or higher requirement, that standard or requirement shall govern such work. Applicable codes include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - California Code of Regulations (CCR)
 - a. Title 8, Industrial Relations
 - b. Title 17, Public Health
 - c. Title 24, Building Standards
 - 2. 2013 California Building Code.
 - 3. 2013 California Fire Code.
 - 4. 2013 California Electrical Code.
 - Local Codes.
- B. All electrical components, devices and accessories shall be listed with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (or other testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction), shall meet their requirements, shall bear their label wherever standards have been established and label service is regularly furnished by that agency, and shall be marked for intended use.

1.3 PERMITS, FEES AND TAXES

A. The Contractor shall secure all necessary permits and pay all required fees and taxes. He shall notify the proper authorities and have the work inspected and tested as required by jurisdictional requirements, pay all charges in connection therewith, and shall present to the Owner properly signed certificates of inspection. Acceptance of the work will not be considered until such certificates have been delivered.

1.4 EXISTING CONDITIONS

- A. The Contractor shall carefully examine the site and existing buildings, compare them with Drawings and Specifications, and shall be satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered during the performance of the work. No subsequent allowance shall be made on his behalf for any additional expense he may incur due to failure or neglect of Contractor to examine site and to include existing conditions in bid.
- B. Any work done as an addition, expansion, or remodel of an existing system shall be compatible with that system.
- C. The Contractor shall examine all record drawings made available by the Owner to locate existing underground systems, utilities, conduits, and pipes prior to installing the electrical distribution system. The Contractor shall also examine the site for possible locations of sprinkler pipes. Any damage done to the existing systems during the course of the electrical work, whose locations could be reasonably determined, shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Owner and the utility or agency involved, at the expense of the Contractor.

1.5 CONDUCT OF THE WORK

A. The Contractor shall maintain on the job a competent foreman or a superintendent at all times to superintend the Work.

1.6 INTERPRETATION OF DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

A. The Engineer's decision will be final on interpretation of the Drawings and Specifications. Whenever the words "AS MAY BE DIRECTED", "SUITABLE", or "APPROVED EQUAL", or other words of similar intent and meaning are used, implying that judgment is to be exercised, it is understood that it is in reference to the judgment of the Engineer.

1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Specification **Section 01 3300**, **SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES**, for additional information and requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings and Product Data Submittals
 - In addition to the provisions of Specification Section 01 3300, SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES, all Shop Drawings and Product Data shall comply with the following requirements:
 - a. The Contractor shall submit for review, complete sets of Shop Drawings and Product Data brochures for materials and equipment as required by each section of the Specifications.
 - b. All Shop Drawings and Product Data shall be submitted at one time in a neat and orderly fashion in a suitable binder with a Title Sheet including Project, Engineer and Contractor, Table of Contents, and indexed tabs dividing each group of materials or item of equipment. The Specification paragraph number for which they are proposed shall identify all items. The mark number as indicated on Drawings shall also identify all equipment and fixtures.
 - c. Shop Drawings and Product Data submittal shall include manufacturer's name and catalog numbers, dimensions, loads, and all other characteristics and accessories as listed in the Specifications or on the Drawings. All loads, characteristics, and

accessories called for in the Specifications or on the Drawings shall be highlighted, circled or underlined on the Shop Drawings and Product Data. Descriptive literature shall be current factory brochures and submittal sheets.

- d. FAX submittals are not acceptable.
- e. Material or equipment shall not be ordered or installed until the Engineer processes the written review. Any item omitted from the submittal shall be provided as specified without substitution.
- f. Prior to submission of the Shop Drawings and Project Data, Contractor shall review and certify that they meet the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- g. A minimum period of two weeks, exclusive of transmittal time, will be required each time Shop Drawings and/or Product Data are submitted or resubmitted for review. The Contractor shall consider this time when scheduling a submittal date.

C. Submittal Review

- 1. Submittals will be reviewed for general conformance with the design concept, but this review does not guarantee quantity shown, nor does it supersede the responsibility of the Contractor to provide all materials, equipment and installation in accordance with the Drawings and Specifications.
- 2. The Contractor shall agree that Shop Drawings and Product Data submittals processed by the Engineer are not Change Orders and that the purpose of Shop Drawings and Product Data submittals by the Contractor is to demonstrate to the Engineer that the Contractor understands the design concept. The Contractor demonstrates his understanding by indicating which equipment and material he intends to furnish and install and by detailing the fabrication and installation methods he intends to use.
- 3. It shall be clearly understood that the noting of some errors, but the overlooking of others, does not grant the Contractor permission to proceed in error or in conflict with Contract Documents. The Contractor shall agree that if deviations, discrepancies or conflicts between Shop Drawings and Design Drawings and Specifications are discovered either prior to or after Shop Drawing submittals are processed by the Engineer, the Design Drawings and Specifications shall control and shall be followed.
- 4. If a resubmittal is required, submit a complete copy of the Engineer's review letter requiring such with the resubmittal.

D. Substitutions

- 1. See Specification **Section 01 2500**, **SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES**, for additional information and requirements.
- In addition to the provisions of Specification Section 01 2500, SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES,
 Substitutions shall comply with the following requirements:
 - Manufacturers, model numbers and other pertinent information listed in the Specifications or on the Drawings are intended to establish minimum standards of performance, function and quality. Unless otherwise noted, the Contractor may submit equivalent compatible UL-listed equipment from other manufacturers for review, as long as the minimum standards are met.
 - Calculations and other detailed data indicating how the item was selected shall be included for items that are not specified. Data must be complete enough to permit detailed comparison of every significant feature, function, performance, and quality

- characteristic that is specified, scheduled or detailed. The comparison must prove that the substituted item equals or exceeds the requirements of the specified item.
- c. The Contractor shall assume full responsibility that substituted items or procedures will meet the Specification and job requirements and shall be responsible for the cost of redesign and modifications to the work caused by these items.
- d. At the Engineer's request, the Contractor shall furnish locations where equipment similar to the substituted equipment is installed and operating along with the user's phone numbers and contact person. Satisfactory operation and service history will be considered in the acceptance or rejection of the proposed substitution.

E. Record Drawings

- 1, See Specification **Section 01 7700**, **CONTRACT CLOSEOUT**, for additional information and requirements.
- In addition to the provisions of Specification Section 01 7700, CONTRACT CLOSEOUT, Record Drawings shall comply with the following requirements:
 - a. At the beginning of the Project, one print of each applicable Drawing will be issued to the Contractor specifically for use in preparing Record Drawings. As the work progresses, the Contractor shall maintain a record of all deviations in the work from that indicated on the Drawings. Final locations of all underground work shall be recorded by depth from finished grade and by offset distance from permanent surface structures, e.g. building, curbs, walks. The original Drawings will be made available to the Contractor, from which he shall have made, a set of reproducible Drawings. The Contractor shall then transfer the changes, notations, etc. from the marked-up prints to the reproducible Drawings. The Record Drawings (marked-up prints and reproducibles) shall be submitted to the Engineer for review, after first securing the Inspector's verification by signature.

F. Operations and Maintenance Instructions

- See Specification Section 01 7700, CONTRACT CLOSEOUT, for additional information and requirements.
- 2. In addition to the provisions of Specification Section 01 7700, CONTRACT CLOSEOUT, Operations and Maintenance Instructions shall comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Three copies of Operation and Maintenance Instructions and Wiring Diagrams for all equipment shall be submitted to the Engineer. All instructions shall be clearly identified by marking them with the same designation as the equipment item to which they apply (e.g. UPS-1). All Wiring Diagrams shall agree with reviewed Shop Drawings and indicate the exact field installation.
 - b. All instructions shall be submitted at the same time and shall be bound in a suitable binder with tabs dividing each type of equipment (e.g. MCC, UPS, etc.). Each binder shall be labeled indicating "Operating and Maintenance Instructions, Project Title, Contractor, Date" and shall have a Table of Contents listing all items included.
 - c. The Contractor shall verbally instruct the Owner's maintenance staff in the operation and maintenance of all equipment and systems. The Engineer's office shall be notified 48 hours prior to this meeting.
 - d. The Contractor shall prepare a letter indicating that all Operation and Maintenance Instructions (printed and verbal) have been given to the Owner, to the Owner's

satisfaction. This letter shall be acknowledged (signed) by the Owner and submitted to the Engineer.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Electrical Drawings are essentially diagrammatic, unless specifically dimensioned. Some work may be shown offset for clarity. The actual locations of all materials, conduits, fixtures, supports, etc. shall be carefully planned prior to installation of any work in order to avoid all interferences with each other, or with architectural, civil, mechanical, plumbing, structural or other elements.
- B. While the size and location of equipment are shown to scale wherever possible, all dimensions and conduit/conductor data shall be verified in the field.
- C. Where the work requires connections to be made to equipment furnished and set in place by others, the Contractor shall obtain exact rough-in dimensions from the manufacturer of such equipment and he shall install the connections in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- D. If discrepancies are discovered between Drawings and Specifications requirements, the more stringent requirement shall apply.
- E. All conflicts shall be called to the attention of the Architect and the Engineer prior to the installation of any work or the ordering of any equipment.
- No work shall be prefabricated or installed prior to this coordination. No additional compensation will be considered to the Contractor for any prefabrication or installation performed prior to this coordination.

1.9 SCHEDULING

A. All work shall be scheduled subject to the review of the Architect, Engineer and the Owner. No work shall interfere with the operation of the existing facilities on or adjacent to the site. The Contractor shall have at all times, as conditions permit, a sufficient force of workmen and quantity of materials to install the work for which contracted, as rapidly as possible consistent with good work, and shall cause no delay to other Contractors engaged upon this project or to the Owner.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. See Specification **Section 01 7700**, **CONTRACT CLOSEOUT**, for additional information and requirements.
- B. Guarantee shall be in accordance with the General Conditions. These Specifications may extend the period of the guarantee for certain items. Where such extension are called for, or where items are normally provided with guarantee periods in excess of that called for in the General Conditions, the Certificate of Guarantee shall be furnished to the Owner through the Engineer.
- C. Contractor shall deliver to the Owner a written guarantee on all workmanship, materials and equipment for a period of one (1) year from the date of acceptance by the Owner. Any work found to be faulty during that period of time shall be corrected at once, upon written notification, at the expense of the Contractor. This shall include repair or replacement of the premises that may be damaged as a result of faulty work and materials furnished.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Materials and equipment shall be new unless otherwise noted.
- B. Materials and equipment of a given type shall be by the same manufacturer.
- C. Materials and equipment shall be covered or otherwise protected during construction as required to maintain the material and equipment in new factory condition until project acceptance. Upon completion of work and prior to final inspection, Contractor shall thoroughly clean all exposed fixtures, trim and equipment, and shall leave the entire installation in neat, clean, and useable condition. Materials and equipment shall be free of dents, scratches, marks, shipping tags, and all defacing features at time of project acceptance.
- D. The Contractor shall order materials and equipment in a timely manner to prevent any delay in the construction schedule, and he shall bear any penalty by vendors to meet schedules.
- E. Verify all dimensional information to ensure proper clearance for installation of equipment. Check all materials and equipment after arrival on the jobsite and verify compliance with the Contract Documents.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DEMOLITION

- A. The Contractor shall protect existing electrical equipment and installations that are not indicated to be removed. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.
- B. Exposed electrical equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, shall be removed in their entirety.
- C. Buried raceway and wiring, indicated to be abandoned in place, shall be cut 2 inches below the surface of adjacent construction and removed in its entirety. Raceways abandoned in place shall be capped and disturbed surfaces shall be patched to match existing finish.
- D. Demolished material shall be removed from Project site.
- E. Components indicated for relocation shall be removed, stored, cleaned, reinstalled, reconnected, and made operational.

3.2 CUTTING AND PATCHING

A. The Contractor shall perform all cutting and drilling, or other work, required to provide openings in walls, ceilings, floors, footings, foundations or other structures necessary to accomplish work under this Specification Division. The cutting shall be performed by skilled mechanics of the trades involved.

- B. Cutting or coring shall not impair the strength of the structure. Any damage resulting from this work shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense to the satisfaction of the Architect.
- C. Wherever possible, work shall be done in a concealed and neat workmanlike manner requiring the least amount of cutting of studs, plates and woodwork. Such cutting or notching is allowed only after consultation with and by permission of the Engineer.
- D. The Contractor shall repair and refinish disturbed finish materials and other surfaces to accurately match adjacent undisturbed new or existing structures and surfaces and shall install new fireproofing where existing fire-stopping has been disturbed. The repair and refinishing of materials and other surfaces shall be by skilled mechanics of the trades involved.
- E. All cuts are to be clean with no chipping. Where chipping occurs as a result of work in a cut area, a new clean cut shall be made immediately prior to patching.

3.3 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

- A. The Contractor shall provide excavation and backfilling required to complete work detailed in the Drawings and Specifications. Unless otherwise noted, minimum earth cover above top of conduit outside building walls shall be 24", not including base and paving in paved areas.
- B. The location of all underground facilities shall be verified with the Owner and utility companies prior to the commencement of any excavation.
- C. For **Offsite** location and identification of underground utilities and facilities, the Contractor shall contact Underground Service Alert (USA), at 800-642-2444, ten (10) days prior to doing any excavation or trenching, and advise USA of the work schedule and comply with their requirements.
- D. For **Onsite** location and identification of underground utilities and facilities, the Contractor shall contact Golden State Utility (GSU), at 559-896-6690, ten (10) days prior to doing any excavation or trenching, and advise GSU of the work schedule and comply with their requirements.
- E. The Contractor shall notify the Owner 72 hours prior to any excavation.
- F. Provide all shoring required by site conditions. Where over-excavation occurs, provide compacted sand backfill. Where groundwater is encountered, remove to keep excavation dry, using well points and pumps as required.
- G. The conduit shall be laid on firm soil cut true and even to afford bearing for the full length of the barrel of the conduit.
- H. When the bottom uncovered at sub-grade is soft and, in the opinion of the Engineer, cannot support the conduit, a further depth shall be excavated and refilled to conduit foundation grade as required by the Engineer.
- 1. Backfill (where concrete encasement is not required):
 - 1. Material 6" below, 6" around, and to 6" above conduit shall be sand. Place carefully around and on top of conduit, taking care not to disturb conduit. Consolidate with vibrator.
 - 2. Material from 6" Above Conduit to Grade shall be sandy or silty loam, free of lumps, laid in 6" layers, uniformly mixed to proper moisture and compacted to required density. If backfill

is determined to be suitable and required compaction is demonstrated by laboratory test, water compaction in 6" layers may be used, subject to review by Engineer.

J. No excavation below the level of, or adjacent to, foundations of footings shall be made except in a manner approved by Engineer.

K. Compaction

- 1. Prior to compaction, moisten or aerate each layer as necessary to provide optimum moisture content. Compact each layer to required percentage of maximum dry density or relative dry density for each area classification. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.
- 2. Under **Structures, Building Slabs, Walkways, and Steps**, compact top 6" of sub-grade and each layer of backfill or fill material at 92% maximum relative compaction. Compact upper 2' of backfill in utility trenches or other excavations to 92% minimum relative compaction.
- 3. In Lawns and Unpaved Areas, compact top 6" of sub-grade material to 85% relative compaction.
- 4. Under **Pavement**, compact top 8" of sub-grade immediately beneath the base course at 95% minimum relative compaction.

3.4 CONCRETE EQUIPMENT BASES

- A. The Contractor shall provide a concrete equipment base for each piece of electrical equipment required to have a base as shown in the Drawings, Notes and Details.
- B. Concrete equipment bases shall be 6" high concrete, 2500 PSI strength, unless otherwise noted. Base shall extend 6" beyond the largest dimensions of the equipment, unless otherwise noted. The top edge of the base shall have a %" chamfer. The base shall have #4 reinforcing bars at 12" on center, each way, located at the mid-depth of the base.
- C. Concrete anchors shall be steel bolts with expansion anchors requiring a drilled hole. Powder-driven anchors are not acceptable. Minimum concrete embedment shall be 4.5 diameters but not less than manufacturer's requirements for minimum strength. Minimum spacing shall be 10 diameters center-to-center and 5 diameters center to edge of concrete but not less than manufacturer's requirements for minimum strength. Maximum allowable stresses for tension and shear shall be 80% of the ICC-ES test report values.
- D. All electrical equipment shall be anchored or braced to meet the horizontal and vertical forces prescribed in the 2013 CBC, Section 1614A.1.13 and ASCE 7-05 Sections 13.3, 13.4, 13.6 and Chapter 6. All seismic restraints must be designed for the requirements of Seismic Design Category D.
- E. The attachment of the following items shall be designed to resist the forces prescribed in Paragraph E above, but need not be detailed on the plans, and the project inspector will verify that these items (equipment) have been anchored:
 - 1. Equipment weighing less than 400 pounds supported directly on the floor or roof.
 - 2. Furniture required to be attached in accordance with ASCE 7-05, Section 13.5.
 - 3. Temporary or movable equipment with flexible connection to power or utilities.

- 4. Equipment weighing less than 20 pounds supported by vibration isolators.
- 5. Equipment weighing less than 20 pounds suspended from a roof or floor or hung from a wall.
- F. For those elements that do not require details on the approved drawings, the installation shall be subject to the approval of the Electrical Engineer.
- G. Where applicable, concrete structures shall be submitted to the serving utility for their approval prior to installation.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. The Contractor shall, progressively and at completion of the job, thoroughly clean all of his work including outlets, fittings, and devices, and inspect exposed finishes. The Contractor shall remove all burrs, dirt, grease, paint spots, stains, labels, tags, rust, foreign material, and construction debris resulting from his work.
- B. The Contractor shall protect equipment and installations and maintain conditions to ensure that coatings, finishes, and cabinets are without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 26 6000

SECTION 26 7000 - BASIC ELECTRICAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections shall form a part of this Section, with the same force and effect as though repeated here.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE PADS, PULL BOXES AND MANHOLES

- A. At the Contractor's option, he shall provide cast-in-place or pre-cast structures.
- B. Concrete Forms and Reinforcement Materials shall be as specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete".
- C. Concrete shall be 2500-psi, 28-day compressive strength as specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place concrete".
- D. Weatherproof concrete pull boxes, junction boxes and telephone boxes shall be manufactured by Christy Concrete Products or equal. All boxes shall have lids marked "Power", "Signal", "Fiber Optic", "Danger-High Voltage", etc. and be traffic-rated per CalTrans drawing ES-8 minimum where pull box occurs in vehicular traffic areas.

2.2 RACEWAYS AND FITTINGS

- A. Galvanized rigid steel conduit (GRC) shall meet ANSI C80.1, and be heavy wall, hot dipped galvanized inside and out, with threaded ends, for use with threaded type fittings.
- B. Galvanized intermediate metallic conduit (IMC) shall meet ANSI C80.6, be zinc-coated steel and have threaded fittings.
- C. Galvanized electrical metallic tubing (EMT) shall meet ANSI C80.3, and be continuous, seamless steel tubing, galvanized or sherardized on exterior, coated on interior with smooth hard finish of lacquer, varnish or enamel, with steel set-screw, steel compression or die-cast compression type fittings. Provide concrete type fittings where required or water-tight compression fittings for wet locations.
- D. Rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) shall meet NEMA TC 2, be Schedule 40 PVC, suitable for 90°C, with solvent cemented type NEMA TC3 fittings.
- E. Flexible metallic conduit (FMC) shall be single strip, continuous, flexible interlocked double-wrapped steel, hot dip galvanized inside and out forming smooth internal wiring channel, with steel, compression type fittings.

- F. Liquid-tight flexible metallic conduit (LFMC) shall be same as FMC except with inert sunlight-resistant, mineral-oil-resistant watertight plastic outer jacket. Fittings shall be cast malleable iron body and gland nut, cadmium plated with one-piece brass grounding bushings threaded to interior of conduit. Spiral molded vinyl-sealing ring between gland nut and bushing and nylon-insulated throat.
- G. All raceway fittings shall be specifically designed for the raceway type with which used.

2.3 CONDUCTORS

- A. All conductors shall be delivered to the site in their original unbroken packages, plainly marked or tagged with UL labels, size, type of wire, type of insulation, name of the manufacturing company and trade name of the wire.
- B. All conductors shall be minimum of 98% conductivity soft drawn copper. Conductors #8 AWG and larger shall be stranded type "THWN/THHN", 600 Volt insulation. Conductors #10 AWG and smaller shall be solid copper "THWN/THHN", 600 Volt insulation.
- C. Insulation shall be Thermoplastic Type rated at 75 degrees C. minimum.

2.4 PULL BOXES AND WIREWAYS

- A. Pullboxes and Enclosures for outdoor use shall be NEMA 250, Type 3R or Type 4, unless otherwise noted.
- B. Pullboxes and Enclosures for indoor use shall be NEMA 250, Type 1, unless otherwise noted.
- C. Wireways shall be constructed in accordance with UL 870 for wireways, auxiliary gutters and associated fittings. Every component including lengths, connectors and fittings shall be UL Listed.
- D. Wireways and auxiliary gutters shall have continuous removable cover secured with screws and keyhole slots. Hinged cover shall be provided where installed above suspended ceiling.
- E. Fabricated sheet steel pull boxes shall be installed only in dry, protected locations and shall be furnished with knockouts and removable screw cover. Box shall be finished with one coat of zinc chromate and a coat of primer sealer and where exposed to public view shall be painted to match the surrounding surface.
- F. Weatherproof sheet steel pull boxes shall be fabricated of code gauge galvanized sheet steel with two coats of rust resistant finish and shall be furnished with gasket and made completely weathertight.

2.5 WIRING DEVICES AND MATERIALS

- A. Outlet Boxes shall meet NEMA OS1 and be galvanized code gauge steel. Boxes in masonry shall be square cornered. Boxes exposed to weather or in wet locations shall be Type FD cast metal with external threaded hubs and gasketed cover and shall meet NEMA FB1.
- B. Outlet box extensions shall be U.L. listed and shall be attached to box with threaded metal screws. "Flash Guards" are not permitted to be used as box extensions.

C. Approved manufacturers of metal boxes are Circle AW, Crouse-Hinds, Steel City or equal.

2.6 TERMINAL CABINETS AND CLOSETS

A. Cabinets and fronts shall be in accordance with NEMA Standard Publication No. PB1-1971 and UL Standards No. 67. Fronts shall include doors and have flush, brushed stainless steel, cylinder tumbler-type locks with catches and spring loaded door pulls. The flush lock shall not protrude beyond the front of the door. All locks shall be keyed like the panel board locks. Fronts shall have adjustable indicating trim clamps that shall be completely concealed when the doors are closed. Doors shall be mounted by completely concealed steel hinges. Fronts shall not be removable with the door in the locked position. A frame and card with a clear plastic covering shall be provided on the inside of the door. Fronts shall be of code gauge full finished steel with rust inhibiting primer and baked enamel finish.

2.7 SUPPORTING DEVICES

- A. Supporting devices shall be constructed of cold-formed steel, with a corrosion-resistant coating acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Metal items for use outdoors or in damp locations shall be hot-dipped galvanized steel.
- C. Slotted-steel channel supports shall have flanged edges turned toward the web, and 9/16-inch diameter slotted holes at a maximum of 2 inches on center, in the web.
 - 1. Channel thickness shall be selected to suit structural loading.
 - 2. Fittings and accessories shall be products of the same manufacturer as the channel supports.
- D. Raceway and cable supports shall be manufactured clevis hangers, riser clamps, straps, threaded C-clamps with retainers, ceiling trapeze hangers, wall brackets, and spring-steel clamps or click-type hangers.
- E. Pipe sleeves shall be ASTM A 53, Type E, Grade A, Schedule 40, galvanized steel, with plain ends.
- F. Cable supports for vertical conduit shall be a factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug for non-armored electrical cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number and size of conductor gripping holes as required to suit individual risers. Body shall be constructed of malleable-iron casting with hot-dip galvanized finish.
- G. Concrete anchors shall be steel bolts with expansion anchors requiring a drilled hole. Powder driven anchors are not acceptable.
- H. Toggle bolts shall be all-steel springhead type.

2.8 ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identification devices shall be a single type of product for each application category. Colors shall be as prescribed by ANSI A13.1, NFPA 70, and these Specifications.
- B. Raceway and cable labels shall comply with ANSI A13.1, Table 3, for minimum size of letters for legend and minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.

- 1. Pre-tensioned, wraparound plastic sleeves shall be a flexible, preprinted, color-coded, acrylic band sized to suit the diameter of the item it identifies.
- 2. Preprinted, flexible, self-adhesive, vinyl labels shall have a legend, over-laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating.
- Color shall be black letters on orange background.
- Legend shall indicate voltage.
- C. Self-adhesive colored marking tape for raceways, wires and cables shall be vinyl tape, not less than 1 inch wide by 3 mils thick.
- D. Underground Warning Tape shall be vinyl tape, compounded for permanent direct-burial service, not less than 6 inches wide by 4 mils thick, embedded with a continuous metallic strip or core, brightly-colored, continuously-printed with a legend that indicates the type of underground line.
- E. Tape markers for wire shall be vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive, wraparound type with preprinted numbers and letters.
- F. Color-coding cable ties shall be made of Type 6/6 nylon, be self-locking type and of colors to suit coding scheme.
- Engraved plastic labels, signs and instruction plates shall be made from black (or red as noted) Bakelite laminate engraving stock with a white core, punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners. It shall have a minimum thickness of 1/16-inch for signs up to 20 sq. in. and a minimum thickness of 1/8-inch for larger sizes.
- H. Interior Warning and Caution signs shall comply with 29 CFR, Chapter XVII, Part 1910.145 and shall be preprinted, aluminum, baked-enamel-finish signs, punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners, with colors, legend, and size appropriate to the application.
- Exterior Warning and Caution signs shall comply with 29 CFR, Chapter XVII, Part 1910.145 and shall be weather-resistant, non-fading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs with 0.0396-inch, galvanized-steel backing, with colors, legend, and size appropriate to the application. They shall be equipped with 1/4-inch grommets in each corner for mounting.
- J. Fasteners for nameplates and signs shall be self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or No. 10/32 stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

2.9 TOUCHUP PAINT

- A. Touch-up paint shall be equipment manufacturer's paint selected to match installed equipment finish.
- B. Touch-up paint on galvanized surfaces shall be zinc-rich paint recommended by item manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. All material, equipment, devices, etc., shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer of the particular item. The Contractor shall be responsible for all installations contrary to the manufacturer's recommendations. The Contractor shall make all necessary changes and revisions to achieve such compliance. Manufacturer's installation instructions shall be delivered to and maintained at the job site throughout the construction of the project.
- B. The layout and installation of electrical work shall be coordinated with the overall construction schedule to prevent delay in completion of the project.
- C. Dimensions and information regarding accurate locations of equipment and structural limitations and finish shall be verified with other sections.
- D. The drawings do not show all raceway, wiring, offsets, bends, special fittings, junction or pull boxes necessary to meet job conditions. Items not shown as indicated, where are clearly necessary for proper operation or installation of systems shown, shall be provided as required, at no increase in contract price.
- E. Materials and Components shall be installed level, plumb, and parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Electrical equipment, outlets, junctions and pull boxes shall be installed in accessible locations, avoiding obstructions, preserving maximum headroom, and keeping openings and passageways clear.
- G. Equipment shall be installed to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. It shall be connected for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference with other installations. Minor adjustments in the locations of equipment shall be made where necessary providing such adjustments do not adversely affect function of the equipment. Major adjustments for the location of equipment shall be previously approved and detailed on the Record Drawings.
- H. Right of Way shall be given to raceways and piping systems installed at a required slope.

3.2 PRECAST CONCRETE PULL BOXES AND MANHOLES

- A. Contractor shall provide a minimum of 3-6" of sand base material suitable to receive the pullbox or manhole. The base material shall be compacted and graded level at proper elevation to receive the pullbox or manhole in relation to the conduit grade or ground cover requirements as designated in the plans.
- B. Sealants used between the joints of the pullbox or manhole are at the Contractor's discretion unless otherwise specified. If grout is used, it should consist of two parts plaster sand to one part cement with sufficient water added to make the grout flow under its own weight. The grout should be poured into a water soaked groove and filled to the top of the groove unless a double amount is to be used as a further precaution against leakage. In this case, the mastic sealant should be placed on the two shoulders of the groove. The next section of pullbox or manhole should be placed while the foaming action is in process. Contractor shall verify grades with the Engineer and shall set holes and boxes level at proper grades.
- C. All conduits penetrating the pull box or manhole shall have seals to prevent water from entering the raceway.

3.3 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit (GRC) **may** be used in all locations. Where installed in direct contact with earth, conduit shall be wrapped with two layers of half-lapped 10-mil PVC tape for a total thickness of 40-mil or have a factory applied 40-mil PVC coating.
- B. Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit (GRC) **shall** be used where exposed to physical damage, indoors where exposed to moisture, exposed outdoor installations, in systems higher than 600 volts, and where required by code.
- C. Galvanized Intermediate Metallic Conduit (IMC) may be used in indoor locations not in direct contact with earth.
- D. Galvanized Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT) may be used in dry indoor locations according to the following criteria:
 - 1. It is not subject to physical damage.
 - 2. It is not in direct contact with earth.
 - 3. It is not in concrete slabs.
 - 4. It is not in a hazardous area.
- E. Galvanized Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT) **shall** be used for general-purpose feeders and branch circuits.
- Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit (RNC) (e.g. SCH 40 PVC) may be used underground or below concrete slabs on grade.
- G. Liquid-tight Flexible Metallic Conduit (LFMC) may be used in all locations to make final connections to motors, transformers, or other mechanical equipment (not to exceed 24 inches in length) or lighting fixtures (not to exceed 72 inches in length). Where specifically approved by the Engineer, LFMC may be used to facilitate wiring in tight locations or in other conditions that make the use of other conduit impracticable.
- H. Flexible Metallic Conduit (FMC) may be used in dry locations to make final connections to motors, transformers, or other mechanical equipment (not to exceed 24 inches in length) or lighting fixtures (not to exceed 72 inches in length). Where specifically approved by the Engineer, FMC may be used to facilitate wiring in tight locations or in other conditions that make the use of other conduit impracticable.

3.4 RACEWAY INSTALLATION

A. General

- 1. Expansion joints shall be provided at building expansion joints or as required due to length of run or difference in temperatures.
- 2. All fittings that are exposed or in damp areas shall have sealing glands and proper gasket.
- 3. In general, all conduits shall be sloping to drain. Bends that place a trap in a conduit shall be avoided. Provided drip fitting as required. Dux-Seal high ends of all underground raceways.
- 4. All conduit runs shall be mechanically and electrically continuous from outlet to outlet. Conduit size or type shall not be changed between outlets.

- 5. All empty raceways shall be equipped with pull lines, capped and labeled. Pull lines shall be 3/16" polypropylene, No. 14 AWG zinc-coated steel or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 24 inches of slack with identification tag at each end of the pull wire.
- 6. Minimum size of any conduit for lighting, power and signal shall be ¾" conduit unless shown otherwise.
- 7. Use temporary raceway caps to prevent foreign matter from entering. Immediately prior to installation of conductors, conduit shall be blown and swept free of foreign materials. All conduit stubs for future, both above and below grade, shall be capped. Run conduits for spare panelboard circuits to attic or accessible spaces.
- 8. Make conduit bends and offsets so ID is not reduced. Keep legs of bends in the same plane and straight legs of offsets parallel, unless otherwise indicated.
- 9. Make bends in exposed parallel or banked runs from same centerline to make bends parallel. Use factory elbows only where elbows can be installed parallel; otherwise, provide field bends for exposed parallel raceways.
- 10. Install raceways and cables at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Locate horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- 11. Conduits shall be securely fastened to building structure at intervals not greater than ten feet.
- 12. Conduit shall be square cut and reamed if required to full size, with thread full cut and true.
- 13. Conduits shall be jointed by approved couplings with ends of conduits tightly butted. Non-insulating compound shall be used in making up joints below grade or inside on grade to insure a watertight system.
- 14. Conduit connections to outlet boxes or cabinets shall be made with approved connectors, using locknuts and insulated throat bushings.
- 15. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- 16. Contractor shall provide rubber grommets to fasten galvanized conduit to exterior structures made of dissimilar metals at all exterior locations to prevent galvanic corrosion.
- 17. Contractor shall provide rubber grommets to fasten galvanized conduit to supports which are also used by other systems utilizing piping of dissimilar metals to prevent galvanic corrosion.

B. Interior

- 1. Conceal raceways and cables, unless otherwise indicated, within finished walls, ceilings, and floors.
- 2. All concealed conduits shall be installed in as direct a line as possible between outlets. No more than four quarter bends, or their equivalent, will be allowed between outlets. Feeder conduits shall follow arrangement shown on plans unless a change is authorized. Branch circuit conduits shall, in general, follow arrangement as shown as far as structural conditions permit. All exposed runs shall parallel buildings, walls, or partitions, and be supported on Kindorf Hangers to meet Title 24, Part 6, CAC.
- C. Exterior

- 1. All exterior conduit, starting from below grade up to 10 feet above grade, shall be galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- 2. No Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit (RNC) shall be installed above grade.

D. Underground

- 1. Minimum size of underground conduit shall be 2" conduit.
- 2. Two or more power **or** telecommunications conduit runs installed in a common trench shall be separated horizontally by a minimum of four inches (4").
- 3. Two or more power **and** telecommunications conduit runs installed in a common trench shall be separated horizontally by a minimum of twelve inches (12").
- 4. All electrical conduit runs installed in a common trench with other utility company lines, plumbing pipes, or heating pipes shall be separated horizontally from such lines by a minimum of twelve inches (12").
- 5. Conduits installed underground and not under buildings shall have a minimum of 24" of cover over the top of the conduit.
- 6. Utility service conduits shall be installed according to the serving utility's requirements for material, depth of cover, and separation.
- 7. Non-metallic conduit shall be laid on excavated firm bed, sealed watertight and unless with 24 inch earth cover, shall have 3 inch minimum concrete encasement unless under concrete. Plastic conduit without encasement shall be random lay, "snaked", not pulled tight. Plastic conduit laid in areas of reinforcing steel shall be supported independently at each threaded fitting. Plastic conduit joints shall be full solvent welded.
- 8. Non-metallic conduit installed underground that will terminate above grade shall have a Galvanized Rigid Steel long radius elbow installed at the terminating end, where the transition from horizontal to vertical occurs.

E. Signal Systems

- 1. Install telephone and signal system raceways in maximum lengths of 150 feet and with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent.
- 2. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes where necessary to comply with these requirements.

F. In Beams and Footings

- 1. Conduit in concrete beam and footings shall be perpendicular to direction of beams unless otherwise indicated on structural drawings.
- Conduit shown in concrete beam parallel to beams shall be installed at approximate middepth of beam.

G. Flexible Conduit

- 1. LFMC or FMC shall be used to connect motors and equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement to junction boxes, with a maximum length of 24-inches.
- 2. Install separate ground conductor across flexible connections.

3. Flexible conduits shall be independently suspended.

3.5 CONDUCTOR APPLICATION

- A. Feeders and branch circuits shall be Type THHN/THWN insulated conductors in raceway.
- B. Underground feeders and branch circuits shall be Type THWN or single-wire, Type UF insulated conductors in raceway.
- C. Minimum conductor size shall be #12 for power and lighting, #14 for 120V control circuits and #18 for 24V control circuits.
- D. Remote control, signaling and power-limited circuits shall be Type THHN/THWN insulated conductors in raceway for Classes 1, 2, and 3, unless otherwise indicated.

3.6 CONDUCTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Conductors shall be continuous from outlet to outlet, no splices shall be made except within outlet or junction boxes.
- B. Wiring at outlets shall be installed with at least 12 inches of slack conductor at each outlet.
- C. Outlet and component connections shall be made to wiring systems and to ground. Electrical connectors and terminals shall be tightened according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. Torque values specified in UL 486A shall be used where manufacturer's torque values are not indicated.
- D. Wire in panels, cabinets, pull boxes, and wiring gutters shall be squared, labeled, and neatly grouped with cable ties and fanned out to the terminals.
- E. All branch circuits, fixture wiring joints, splices, and taps for conductors #10 and smaller shall be made with 3M "Scotchlock" connectors, or approved equal.
- F. All branch circuits, fixture wiring joints, splices, and taps for conductors #8 and larger shall be made with two-bolt type solderless connectors or T & B "color keyed" compression lugs.
- G. Bolt-type solderless connectors shall be torqued with a torque wrench according to the manufacturer's recommendations, and then retightened after 24-48 hours before taping. Owners' inspector shall be informed of this procedure during the waiting period and shall witness the act of retightening.
- H. Connectors and lugs for terminating stranded conductors #8 and larger shall be machine crimp compression type.
- I. All splices shall be taped with Scotch #88 plastic electrical tape with "Scotch Fill" where necessary for a smooth joint. Scotch #27 or #2520 shall be used for other than normal temperatures or conditions. All connections and splices shall be electrically perfect and in strict accordance with all code requirements.
- J. No splices shall be made below grade in a manhole or pullholes without Engineer's written approval, and then shall be encapsulated with 3M potting kits per 3M Specifications.

3.7 WIREWAY AND AUXILIARY GUTTER APPLICATION

A. Wireways and auxiliary gutters shall be used above and below panelboards, lighting relay cabinets, and terminal cabinets to accommodate large concentrations of wires.

3.8 PULL BOXES AND WIREWAYS:

- A. Boxes shall be installed square and plumb. An engraved nameplate shall be installed on each box indicating its function. Nameplate shall be installed on the exterior of each box in unfinished areas and on the interior of each box in finished areas.
- B. Wireways shall be installed with strip-type connectors with self-retained mounting screws. Hangers with two piece, hook together features shall be used to permit preassembly of wireway and hanger bottom plate before hanging on a preinstalled upper bracket.
- C. Pull and junction boxes shall be installed as shown to ease the pulling of wire and to comply with CEC requirements.

3.9 WIRING DEVICES AND MATERIALS

- A. Outlets shall be mounted at 18" minimum above finished floor unless otherwise noted.
- B. The locations of outlets shown on drawings shall be located with respect to work of others and to be symmetrical with room layout.
- C. Outlets in architectural patterned surfaces such as tile and finish panels shall be centered on intersections of four panels or in exact center of panels, unless otherwise shown on architectural plans or directed by Architect.
- Outlet boxes for concealed work shall be one-piece steel knock out type with zinc coating. Boxes shall not be smaller than 4" square nominal size, unless otherwise indicated. Extension rings, plaster rings, and covers shall be provided as necessary for flush finish.
- E. The Contractor shall inform himself of wall thickness throughout the building and shall provide outlet boxes of suitable depth that can be flush mounted and yet will be deep enough to contain the particular apparatus involved. Location of exposed pull or junction boxes will be subject to the Architect's approval.
- Outlet boxes on opposite sides of walls shall not be placed back-to-back, nor shall "through" boxes be employed (except where specifically permitted on the drawings by note).
- G. Switches shall be mounted 48" to top of device box above finished floor unless otherwise noted.
- H. Where more than one switch occurs at the same location, use multiple gang outlet boxes covered by a single plate; provide box partitions as required by the CEC.
- Bar hangers shall be used to support outlet boxes in stud or furred partitions and ceilings.
 Attachment screws, devices, etc., shall be of the proper type to secure boxes to metal studs complemented by expansion shields to concrete and masonry.

- J. All outlet boxes and particularly those supporting fixtures shall be securely anchored in place in an approved manner. Support outlet boxes and fixtures in acoustic ceiling areas from building structures, not from acoustic ceilings. All lighting fixture outlets shall be coordinated with mechanical, architectural, or other equipment to eliminate conflicts and provide a workable, neat installation.
- K. Approved knock out holes shall be provided. Outlet boxes from which light fixtures will be suspended shall be equipped with 3/8" fixture studs fastened through from back of box.
- L. Surface boxes of the cast metal threaded hub type with suitable gasketed covers shall be used for exposed conduit runs less than 5' above a finished floor or where waterproof boxes are required.
- M. Floor boxes shall be adjustable, brass trimmed with carpet flanges where carpet is indicated on architectural drawings.
- N. Set floor boxes level and trim after installation to fit flush to finished floor surface.
- O. Masonry boxes shall have conduit entrances to rear of box with depth as required to clear masonry.
- P. Boxes shall be sized for number of conductors entering box.
- Q. Wiring devices shall be securely fastened to the outlet box. Where the outlet box covers are back from the finished walls, the device shall be built out with washers so that it is rigidly held in place to the box. Metal extenders shall be provided in flammable construction per CEC.
- R. All device screw slots shall be left in a vertical orientation.
- S. Connect wiring device grounding terminal to branch-circuit equipment grounding conductor and to outlet box with bonding jumper.
- Connect ground terminal of isolated-ground receptacles to isolated-ground conductor routed to designated isolated equipment ground terminal of electrical system.

3.10 TERMINAL CABINETS AND CLOSETS

- A. Terminal cabinets shall be installed level and identified with nameplate per schedule.
- B. All conductors in terminal cabinets or closets shall be squared, labeled and secured neatly with wire ties.
- C. All terminal cabinets shall be installed with the top of the trim at 6'-0" above the finished floor, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings.
- D. Where space permits, terminal cabinets shall be surface mounted where they are not visible to the public.
- E. A typewritten directory shall be mounted behind plastic in a metal holder welded to the inside of each terminal cabinet door showing a complete description of terminations in each cabinet.

3.11 SUPPORTING DEVICE APPLICATION

- A. Hot-dip galvanized materials or nonmetallic channel and angle system components shall be used in damp locations and outdoors.
- B. Steel materials shall be used in dry locations.
- C. Support clamps for PVC raceways shall be click-type clamp system.
- D. Strength of supports shall be adequate to carry present and future loads, times a safety factor of at least four with a minimum of 200-lb design load.

3.12 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Install support devices to securely and permanently fasten and support electrical components.
- B. Install individual and multiple raceway hangers and riser clamps to support raceways. Provide U-bolts, clamps, attachments, and other hardware necessary for hanger assemblies and for securing hanger rods and conduits.
- C. Support parallel runs of horizontal raceways together on trapeze- or bracket-type hangers.
- D_{**} Size supports for multiple raceway installations so capacity can be increased by a 25 percent minimum in the future.
- E. Support individual horizontal raceways with separate, malleable-iron pipe hangers or clamps.
- F. Install 1/4-inch diameter or larger threaded steel hanger rods, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Spring-steel fasteners specifically designed for supporting single conduits or tubing may be used instead of malleable-iron hangers for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving lighting and receptacle branch circuits above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to slotted channel and angle supports.
- H. Arrange supports in vertical runs so the weight of raceways and enclosed conductors is carried entirely by raceway supports, with no weight load on raceway terminals.
- Simultaneously install vertical conductor supports with conductors.
- J. Separately support cast boxes that are threaded to raceways and used for fixture support. Support sheet-metal boxes directly from the building structure or by bar hangers. If bar hangers are used, attach bar to raceways on opposite sides of the box and support the raceway with an approved fastener not more than 24 inches from the box.
- K. Install metal channel racks for mounting cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices unless components are mounted directly to structural elements of adequate strength.
- L. Install sleeves for cable and raceway penetrations of concrete slabs and walls unless core-drilled holes are used. Install sleeves for cable and raceway penetrations of masonry and fire-rated gypsum walls and of all other fire-rated floor and wall assemblies. Install sleeves during erection of concrete and masonry walls.

- M. Securely fasten electrical items and their supports to the building structure, according to the following criteria, unless otherwise noted:
 - Wood wood screws or screw-type nails.
 - 2. Masonry toggle bolts on hollow masonry units, expansion bolts on solid masonry units.
 - 3. New Concrete concrete inserts with machine screws and bolts.
 - 4. Existing Concrete expansion bolts.
 - 5. Steel welded threaded studs or spring-tension clamps on steel. Field welding shall comply with AWS D1.1. Welding to steel structure may be used only for threaded studs, not for conduits, pipe straps, or other items.
 - 6. Light Steel sheet-metal screws.
 - 7. Fasteners shall be selected so the load applied to each fastener does not exceed 25 percent of its proof-test load.

3.13 ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

- A. Each conductor of every system shall be permanently tagged in each panelboard, pull box, J-box, etc., in compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).
- B. Brady labels shall be used to identify terminals and destination of feeders, branch circuits, signal and control circuits, etc., at all terminations, junction boxes and pull boxes, and shall be coordinated with the nameplates in all boxes and equipment.
- C. All terminals in the switchboards, panels, relays, switches, devices, starter terminals, etc., shall have Brady labels for identification to identify both ends of all wiring.
- D. The Contractor shall furnish and install 1" x 3" x 3/32" thick laminated black Bakelite nameplates with a white core (unless specifically shown as red) engraved to produce white letters on black background for all items of electrical equipment, including 2-pole and 3-pole circuit breakers, panelboards, starters, relays, time switches and disconnect switches. They shall screw them in place. Adhesively applied nameplates shall not be used.
- E. All devices shall have their branch circuit identified on the back side of device plate with a permanent type black marker, i.e. CT A-21. Identify panelboard and circuit number from which receptacles are served. Use machine-printed, pressure-sensitive, abrasion-resistant label tape on face of plate and durable wire markers or tags within outlet boxes.
- F. Coordinate names, abbreviations, colors, and other designations used for electrical identification with corresponding designations indicated in the Contract Documents or required by codes and standards. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- G. Panels having single-pole circuit breakers shall be provided with typed schedules mounted in welded metal holders behind plastic.
- H. Clean surfaces that are to receive self-adhesive identification products before applying.
- I. Where three or more switches are ganged, and elsewhere as indicated, identify each switch with approved legend engraved on wall plate.

- J. Tag and label circuits designated to be extended in the future. Identify source and circuit numbers in each cabinet, pull and junction box, and outlet box. Color-coding may be used for voltage and phase identification.
- K. Install continuous underground plastic markers during trench backfilling, for exterior underground power, control, signal, and communication lines located directly above power and communication lines. Locate 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. If width of multiple lines installed in a common trench or concrete envelope does not exceed 16 inches, overall, use a single line marker.
- All power conductors shall be identified in accordance with the following schedule:
 - 1. 120/208V, 3 Phase, 4 Wire System.

a. Phase A: Black.

b. Phase B: Red.

c. Phase C: Blue.

d. Neutral: White.

e. Ground: Green

3.14 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Seal all penetrations for work of this section through fire rated floors, walls and ceilings to prevent the spread of smoke, fire, toxic gas or water through the penetration, either before, during, or after the fire. The fire and temperature ratings of the penetration assembly shall be at least that of the floor, wall, or ceiling into which it is installed so that the original fire rating of the floor or wall is maintained as required by Article 300.21 of the California Electrical Code (CEC).
- B. Where applicable, provide OZ Type CFSF/I and CAFSF/I fire seal fittings for conduit and cable penetrations through concrete and masonry walls, floors, slabs and similar structures. Where applicable, provide 3M fire barrier sealing penetration system, and/or Thomas and Bett Flame Safe Fire Stop System, and/or Chase Foam fire stop system, including wall wrap, partitions, caps and other accessories as required. All manufacturers' instructions and recommendations for installation of sealing fittings and barrier sealing systems.
- C. The Contractor shall repair and refinish disturbed finish materials and other surfaces to match adjacent undisturbed new structures, surfaces and shall install new fireproofing where existing firestopping has been disturbed. The repair and refinishing of materials and other surfaces shall be by skilled mechanics of the trades involved.

3.15 REFINISHING AND TOUCHUP PAINTING

- A. The Contractor shall clean damaged and disturbed areas and apply primer, intermediate, and finish coats to suit the degree of damage at each location. He shall follow paint manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation and for timing and application of successive coats.
- B. Damage to galvanized finishes shall be repaired with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Damage to PVC or paint finishes shall be repaired with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

1605 8.03.16 2013 CBC

D. See Section 09900, "Painting".

3.16 SYSTEM TESTING AND STARTUP

A. Refer to Specification Section 26 9500 ELECTRICAL ACCEPTANCE TESTS for minimum required systems testing and startup.

END OF SECTION 26 7000

SECTION 26 8000 - GROUNDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections shall form a part of this Section, with the same force and effect as though repeated here.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes grounding of electrical systems and equipment and basic requirements for grounding for protection of life, equipment, circuits, and systems. Grounding requirements specified in this Section may be supplemented in other Sections of these Specifications.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals for this Section shall be made according to the Conditions of the Contract, Division 1 Specification Sections and Specification Section 26 6000.
- B. Product Data for grounding rods, connectors and connection materials, and grounding fittings.
- C₁ Qualification data for firms specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience.
- D. Field tests and observation reports certified by the testing organization and indicating and interpreting the test reports for compliance with performance requirements.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: A "Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory" (NRTL) as defined in OSHA Regulation 1910.7, or a full member company of the InterNational Electrical Testing Association (NETA).
 - Testing Agency Field Supervision: Use persons currently certified by NETA or the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies to supervise on-site testing specified in Part 3.
- B. Comply with UL 467.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

- 1. Chance: A. B. Chance Co.
- 2. Erico Inc.; Electrical Products Group.
- 3. Galvan Industries, Inc.
- 4. Raco, Inc.
- 5. Thomas & Betts, Electrical.

2.2 GROUNDING AND BONDING PRODUCTS

A. Where types, sizes, ratings, and quantities indicated are in excess of California Electrical Code (CEC) requirements, the more stringent requirements and the greater size, rating, and quantity indications govern.

2.3 WIRE AND CABLE GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

- A. Conform to CEC Table 8, except as otherwise indicated, for conductor properties, including stranding.
 - Material: Copper.
- B. Equipment Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green color insulation.
- C. Grounding-Electrode Conductors: Stranded cable.
- D. Isolated Grounding Conductors: Insulated with green color, yellow striping insulation.
- E. Bare Copper Conductors: Conform to the following:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
 - 2. Assembly of Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
 - 3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS CONDUCTORS

- A. Grounding Bus: Bare, annealed-copper bars of rectangular cross section.
- B. Braided Bonding Jumpers: Copper tape, braided No. 30 AWG bare copper wire, terminated with copper ferrules.
- C. Bonding Straps: Soft copper, 0.05 inch thick and 2 inches wide, except as indicated.

2.5 CONNECTOR PRODUCTS

- A. Grounding connections shall be exothermic welded, bolted clamp terminal, or pressure connector type.
- B. Exothermic-Welded Connections shall be provided in kit form and selected per manufacturer's written instructions for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and connected items.

- C. Bolted Clamp connectors shall be heavy-duty type.
- D. Pressure connectors shall be high-conductivity-plated units.

2.6 GROUNDING ELECTRODES AND TEST WELLS

- A. Grounding Rods shall be sectional type; copper-clad steel.
 - 1. Size: 3/4 inch by 120 inches.
- B. Plate Electrodes shall be copper, square or rectangular shape. Minimum 0.10 inch thick, size as indicated.
- C. Test Wells shall consist of a Christy Concrete Products F8 Box, or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. The conduit system, supports, cabinets, switchboards, etc., and neutral conductors must be permanently and effectively grounded by means of approved ground clamps, in accordance with Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations. The neutral shall only be grounded at the main service location unless specifically noted otherwise on the drawings or required by the California Electrical Code.
- B. This Contractor shall exercise every precaution to obtain good contacts at all panel boxes, pull boxes, etc. Where it is not possible to obtain good contacts, the conduits shall be bonded around the boxes with a #6 AWG gauge, THWN wire with ground clamps.
- C. Where there is more than one building supplied from a common service, provide a grounding electrode system at each building per CEC 250.50 and connect per CEC 250.32(B)(1).

3.2 APPLICATION

A. General

- 1. All equipment cases, motor frames, etc. shall be completely grounded to satisfy applicable code requirements.
- 2. The interior hot and cold water piping and the interior above ground gas piping shall be bonded to the building service equipment per CEC #250.104.
- 3. Do not use underground gas piping as a grounding electrode.

B. Equipment Grounding Conductor

1. Pull an Equipment Grounding Conductor, insulated green, in **ALL** conduits, both metallic and non-metallic, unless they are designated for telephone or data cables.

- 2. Each disconnect switch shall have an Equipment Grounding Conductor (lay in wire type) which shall be used for grounding the disconnect enclosure. The ground wire shall continue and be connected to the enclosure of the equipment served.
- Comply with CEC Article 250 for types, sizes, and quantities of Equipment Grounding Conductors, except where specific types, larger sizes, or more conductors than required by CEC are indicated.
- 4. Install separate Equipment Grounding Conductor in branch circuit runs from computer area power panels or power-distribution units.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Ground electrical systems and equipment according to CEC requirements, except where Drawings or Specifications exceed CEC requirements.
- B. Grounding Rods: Locate a minimum of 1-rod length from each other and at least the same distance from any other grounding electrode.
 - Drive until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade, except as otherwise indicated.
 - Interconnect with grounding-electrode conductors. Use exothermic welds, except at test
 wells and as otherwise indicated. Make these connections without damaging copper
 coating or exposing steel.
- C. Grounding Conductors: Route along the shortest and straightest paths possible, except as otherwise indicated. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- D. Underground Grounding Conductors: Use bare copper wire. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
- E. Test Wells: One for each driven grounding electrode, except as otherwise indicated. Set top of well flush with finished grade or floor. Fill with 1-inch- maximum-size crushed stone or gravel.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. General: Make connections so possibility of galvanic action or electrolysis is minimized. Select connectors, connection hardware, conductors, and connection methods so metals in direct contact will be galvanically compatible.
 - 1. Use electroplated or hot-tin-coated materials to assure high conductivity and to make contact points closer in order of galvanic series.
 - Make connections with clean, bare metal at points of contact.
 - 3. Make aluminum-to-steel connections with stainless-steel separators and mechanical clamps.
 - 4. Make aluminum-to-galvanized steel connections with tin-plated copper jumpers and mechanical clamps.
 - Coat and seal connections having dissimilar metals with inert material to prevent future penetration of moisture to contact surfaces.

- B. Exothermic-Welded Connections: Use for connections to structural steel and for underground connections, except those at test wells. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Welds that are puffed up or that show convex surfaces indicating improper cleaning are not acceptable.
- C. Equipment Grounding-Wire Terminations: For No. 8 AWG and larger, use pressure-type grounding lugs. No. 10 AWG and smaller grounding conductors may be terminated with winged pressure-type connectors.
- D. Non-contact Metal Raceway Terminations: Where metallic raceways terminate at metal housings without mechanical and electrical connection to housing, terminate each conduit with a grounding bushing. Connect grounding bushings with a bare grounding conductor to grounding bus or terminal in housing. Bond electrically non-continuous conduits at both entrances and exits with grounding bushings and bare grounding conductors, except as otherwise indicated.
- E. Connections at Test Wells: Use compression-type connectors on conductors and make bolted- and clamped-type connections between conductors and grounding rods.
- F. Tighten screws and bolts for grounding and bonding connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. Where these requirements are not available, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- G. Compression-Type Connections: Use hydraulic compression tools to provide correct circumferential pressure for compression connectors. Use tools and dies recommended by manufacturer of connectors. Provide embossing die code or other standard method to make a visible indication that a connector has been adequately compressed on grounding conductor.
- H. Moisture Protection: Where insulated grounding conductors are connected to grounding rods or grounding buses, insulate entire area of connection and seal against moisture penetration of insulation and cable.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Refer to **Specification Section 26 9500**, **ELECTRICAL ACCEPTANCE TESTS**, for minimum required testing of Grounding System.

3.6 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Restore surface features, including vegetation, at areas disturbed by work of this Section. Reestablish original grades, except as otherwise indicated. Where sod has been removed, replace it as soon as possible after backfilling is completed. Restore areas disturbed by trenching, storing of dirt, cable laying, and other activities to their original condition. Include topsoiling, fertilizing, liming, seeding, sodding, sprigging, and mulching. Comply with Division 2 Section "Landscaping." Maintain restored surfaces. Restore disturbed paving as indicated.

END OF SECTION 26 8000

SECTION 26 9500 - ELECTRICAL ACCEPTANCE TESTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This Section defines the Electrical Acceptance Tests and checks that shall be made on all electrical equipment and wiring to ensure compliance with all applicable Codes and Standards, and with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. All electrical equipment testing and related costs shall be included in the Contractor's bid.

1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall test equipment of all kinds installed on this project to determine whether it fulfills the requirements of these Specifications. The Contractor shall furnish all labor necessary to adjust the operation of the apparatus and make the connections for the tests. After the tests have been completed, the Contractor shall restore all connections, apparatus, etc., to their original condition.
- B. The Contractor shall retain the services of a qualified Independent Testing Agency holding a valid current C-10 License to perform **certain** tests and prepare reports, as enumerated in the following Articles. The Independent Testing Agency shall be a company that specializes in electrical equipment testing and shall be NETA or NICET certified.
- C. The Owner shall retain the services of a qualified Independent Testing Agency holding a valid current C-10 License to perform **certain** tests and prepare reports, as enumerated in the following Articles. The Independent Testing Agency shall be a company that specializes in electrical equipment testing and shall be NETA or NICET certified.
- D. The Architect and Engineer shall approve proposed Independent Testing Agency(s) before any testing is started.
- E. Electrical systems, equipment and materials shall be tested prior to final acceptance of the work.

1.3 INDEPENDENT TESTING AGENCY REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Independent Testing Agency shall furnish personnel acceptable to Engineer to conduct all testing. Supervising engineer shall have a minimum of five years experience in testing of equipment of the type to be tested on this Project.
- B. The Independent Testing Agency shall furnish all labor required for and incidental to testing.
- C. The Independent Testing Agency shall provide minor field repairs, adjustments, and wiring modifications at the time of inspection and testing.
- D_{**} The Independent Testing Agency shall furnish all necessary test equipment to satisfactorily perform all tests specified herein.

- E. The Independent Testing Agency shall check all devices for proper operation checking for wear, tightness, dirt, etc.
- F_{*} The Independent Testing Agency shall check for conformance to published curves.
- The Independent Testing Agency shall notify and coordinate with the Owner's representative at least 3 working days prior to the commencement of any Electrical Acceptance Testing. Tests shall be witnessed by the Owner's representative unless such witnessing is waived in writing by the Owner's Representative.

1.4 CODES AND STANDARDS

- A. Current California Electrical Code (CEC).
- B. National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA).
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions and Maintenance Manual applicable to each particular apparatus.
- D. OSHA Rules and Regulation.
- E. National Electrical Testing Association (NETA) "Acceptance Testing Specifications".
- F. Procedures as directed by Engineer.

1.5 CARE AND PRECAUTIONS

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for any damage to equipment or material due to improper test procedures or test apparatus handling, and shall replace or restore to original condition, any damaged equipment or material.
- B. Contractor shall furnish and use safety devices such as rubber gloves and blankets, protective screens, barriers, and danger signs to adequately protect and warn all personnel in the vicinity of the tests.

1.6 EQUIPMENT TO BE TESTED BY CONTRACTOR

- A. Perform the visual inspections, manual operations and tests on systems and equipment as described in Part 3, "Execution".
- B. Molded Case Circuit Breakers Rated Less Than 100A
- C. Power Cable
- D. Disconnect Switches

1.7 EQUIPMENT TO BE TESTED BY CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENT TESTING AGENCY

A. Circuit Breakers Rated 100A and Greater

1.8 EQUIPMENT TO BE TESTED BY OWNER'S INDEPENDENT TESTING AGENCY

- A. Grounding System
- B. Fire Alarm System

1.9 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals for this Section shall be made according to the Conditions of the Contract, Division 1 Specification Sections and Specification Section 26 6000.
- B. Test Reports
 - 1. Provide written test reports, signed and dated, for all tests prior to acceptance of the tested equipment by the Owner.
 - 2. All conductor tests shall be recorded on the following forms:
 - a. 26 9500-1 MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE MEGGER TEST, 300V AND LESS
 - b. 26 9500-2 SINGLE & MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR POWER CABLE MEGGER TEST, 600V AND LESS
 - 3. Submit certified reports of Independent Tests and Observations indicating and interpreting test results specified in Part 3 of this Section.
 - a. The Test Report shall include the following:
 - 1) Description of equipment tested.
 - 2) Description of test procedure.
 - 3) Calibration record for all testing devices used.
 - 4) Test results.
 - 5) Recommendations.
 - 6) Appendix, including all field test reports.
 - b. Furnish six copies of completed report to the Electrical Engineer no later than ten days after test completion unless requested otherwise by Owner.
 - c. Instrumentation-Traceability: The testing agency shall provide calibration labels for all relays and circuit breakers tested.
 - d. Labels shall be self-adhesive and placed on covers or frames so as not to obscure nameplate, tap block or time dial. Label shall indicate date tested and firm name.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TESTING EQUIPMENT

A. Furnish suitable electrical instruments including voltmeters, ammeters, wattmeters, tachometers and all other equipment necessary to perform tests specified.

B. Make necessary openings in circuits for testing instruments and place and connect all instruments, equipment and devices necessary for the tests. Upon completion of tests, remove instruments and instrument connections and restore all circuits to permanent condition.

2.2 TESTING COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate activities and cooperate with others on the Project to ensure that systems are energized when required, when loads are applied, and that other requirements of this Section of the Specifications are carried out in a timely, coordinated basis.
- B. Conduct tests in the presence of the Architect/Engineer and the Construction Manager. Notify the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager seven calendar days or more in advance when any test is to be performed, and do not start tests without the permission of the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager.
- C. Make up no permanent connections until correct phase sequence of all equipment is determined.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall provide Acceptance Testing on the entire Electrical System. Certain of this testing shall be performed by an Independent Testing Agency as indicated.
- B. Acceptance Testing shall include Visual Inspections, Manual Operations, Electrical Tests, and Functional Testing.
- C. Whenever possible, all Visual Inspections, Manual Operations and Electrical Tests shall be made just prior to energizing the equipment or circuits, and shall be coordinated with the field schedule and field conditions.
- D. Test reports on megger, dielectric absorption and high potential tests shall include the ambient temperature and relative humidity existing at the time of the tests.
- E. Should any piece of apparatus or any material or work fail during any of these Tests, it shall be immediately removed and be replaced by perfect material by this Contractor at his expense and the portion of the work replaced be again tested by the Contractor.
- F. Before testing and energizing a system, all necessary precautions shall be taken to ensure the safety of personnel and equipment. All conductors and all electrical equipment shall be properly insulated and enclosed. All enclosures for conductors and equipment shall be properly grounded. Insulation resistance measurements must have been made and approved on all conductors and energized parts of electrical equipment.
 - 1. During actual testing, the Contractor or Independent Testing Agency shall:
 - a. Ensure that temporary power terminations are connected in such a manner that commercial power may be restored in forty-five minutes upon request.
 - b. Place temporary power cables out of the way in a safe manner that provides no hazard to personnel or equipment in the area.

- c. Provide all special connections required.
- d. Conduct all tests in presence of the representative except where advised this would not be necessary.
- G. The entire installation shall be free from short circuits and improper grounds. Test shall be made in the presence of the Architect, his Engineer or his representative. Panels and circuits shall be tested for grounds and shorts with mains disconnected from the feeder, branches connected, lamps removed or omitted from the sockets and all wall switches closed. Each individual circuit shall be tested at the panel with the equipment connected for proper operation
- H. The following minimum tests are required, but shall not be limited to this list. Tests will be supervised and witnessed by the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager:
 - 1. Proper phase rotation.
 - 2. Short circuits.
 - Improper grounds.
 - 4. Power and control electrical circuits for circuit continuity and function test.
- I. Furnish all personnel, labor, meters, instruments, cable, connections, equipment and apparatus necessary for making all tests.
- J. Check and test all switchboards, transformers, panelboards, feeders, power and control cables, communication system devices and wiring, and all connections to all equipment.
- K. After wires and cables are in place and connected to devices and equipment, the system shall be tested for short circuits, improper grounds, and other faults. If fault condition is present, the trouble shall be rectified and the wiring system shall be retested.
- L. A voltage test shall be made at each lighting panel, distribution panel and at the last outlet on each circuit. If drop in potential exceeds one percent, correct the condition by locating the ground or high resistance splice or connection and retest.
- M. Any wiring device, electrical apparatus, or lighting fixture grounded or shorted on any integral "live" part, shall be removed and the trouble rectified by replacing the defective parts or materials.
- N. The Architect/Engineer will conduct from time to time such tests as may be required to any part of the equipment to determine if it is installed in accordance with specifications. Extend to the Architect/Engineer all facilities to this end and furnish skilled or unskilled help required.
- O. All final tests shall be witnessed by the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager and three copies of the verified test results shall be given to the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager promptly upon completion of a test.
- P. Provide assistance to the various equipment manufacturers' field engineers as required in the testing and adjusting of the electrical power and control equipment. Cooperation shall be such that a minimum of time is required for equipment testing.
- Q. A log shall be maintained for all tests. This log shall be certified before completion of the project, both as to test value and date of test. All major equipment such as the switchboard and panelboards shall be energized initially in the presence of the Architect/Engineer and Construction Manager.

R. The Owner reserves the right to operate any system or equipment prior to final completion and acceptance of the work. Such preliminary operation shall not be construed as an acceptance of any work. Each piece of equipment and all of the systems shall be adjusted to insure proper functioning and shall be left in first class operating condition.

3.2 VISUAL INSPECTIONS

- A. Prior to Manual Operation and Electrical Testing, perform Visual Inspections to verify the following:
 - 1. The equipment is completely and properly installed.
 - 2. The equipment is free from damage and defects.
 - 3. Shipping blocks and restraints have been removed.
 - 4. Electrical terminations have been properly tightened.
 - 5. The equipment has been properly aligned.
 - The equipment has been properly lubricated.
 - 7. The ventilation louvers are open and unobstructed.
 - 8. Voltages and phases have been properly identified.
 - 9. Terminations in control panels have been properly identified.
 - 10. The equipment is ready to be tested

3.3 MANUAL OPERATION

A. Prior to any Electrical Testing, mechanical devices shall be exercised or rotated manually to verify that they operate properly and freely.

3.4 ELECTRICAL TESTS BY CONTRACTOR

- A. Molded Case Circuit Breakers rated less than 100A
 - 1. Circuit breakers will be operated manually several times to ensure smooth operation.
 - Molded case will be inspected for cracks.

B. Power Cable

- The 600-volt insulated wires and cables shall be factory tested prior to shipment in accordance with ICEA Standards for the insulation specified.
- Perform a continuity check and a 1,000 volt DC megger test on 600 volt power cables No. 6
 AWG and larger.
 - a. The megger test shall be performed between each pair of conductors and from each conductor to ground.
 - b. The megger test shall be performed for 15 seconds or until the insulation resistance value stabilizes.

- c. The insulation resistance between conductors and from each conductor to ground shall be 100 megohms minimum in one minute or less. In addition, the lowest insulation resistance value shall not differ from the highest value by more than 20 percent.
- 3. Phase conductors, if shorted, grounded or at fault shall be removed, shall be replaced and the wiring system shall be retested.

C. Disconnect Switches

Madera Unified School District

- 1. Check for cleanliness of contacts, operation, etc.
- 2. Lubricate contacts and mechanical devices.
- Check fuse-clip tightness.
- 4. Perform a 1,000-volt megger test on disconnect switches rated for 600V and at 500 volts for disconnect switches rated for 240V.

3.5 CONTRACTOR'S INDEPENDENT AGENCY TESTING

- A. Circuit Breakers rated 100A or greater
 - 1. All circuit breakers, 100 amps or more, shall be tested by an independent testing agency in accordance with NETA specifications and a report submitted to the architect. Any circuit breaker that does not pass the test shall be replaced.
 - Circuit breakers will be operated manually several times to ensure smooth operation.
 - 3. Molded case will be inspected for cracks.
 - 4. Rated current will be passed through each phase and millivolt readings taken across contacts.
 - 5. Time current characteristic tests will be performed by passing 300% rated current through each phase and monitoring trip time.
 - 6. Instantaneous pickup current will be determined by finding the current level at which the breaker trips out in less than 2 cycles.
 - 7. Insulation resistance tests will be performed at 1000 Volts DC.
 - 8. Circuit breaker covers will be removed on unsealed units and checked for cracks. Interphase barriers and arc chutes to be inspected. All bolts and lugs will be tightened. All internal auxiliary devices will be inspected.
 - 9. Contacts, shunts, etc., will be visually inspected for wear and alignment.
 - 10. Inverse trip time, instantaneous pickup current and millivolt drop across contacts, insulation resistance values, as well as deficiencies causing breaker to function outside published limits will be recorded. Times will then be compared with manufacturer's or NEMA published values.
 - 11. The testing agency shall provide calibration labels for all relays and circuit breakers tested. Labels shall be self-adhesive and placed on covers or frames so as not to obscure nameplate, tap block or time dial. Label shall indicate date tested and firm name.

3.6 OWNER'S INDEPENDENT AGENCY TESTING

A. Grounding System

- 1. Ground tests shall meet the requirements of the California Electrical Code and comply with UL 467. The grounding electrode system at the main electrical service equipment shall be tested by an Independent Testing Agency in accordance with the three point fall of potential method as specified in IEEE Standard 81-1983. Maximum ground resistance shall be 25 OHMS. A copy of the test report shall be submitted to the architect and engineer of record.
- 2. Tests: Subject the completed grounding system to a megger test at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, and at ground test wells. Measure ground resistance not less than 2 full days after the last trace of precipitation, and without the soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance. Perform tests by the 2-point method according to IEEE 81.
- 3. The test agency shall remove the test link between the ground and neutral, and test the neutral for any parallel and/or superfluous ground paths. If any are found, a report should be given to the Engineer. No grounds are to be removed unless authorized in writing.
- 4. Ground electrode resistance shall be taken using a Biddle ground resistance meter and readings given to the report.
- 5. All ground connections in switchboard as well as that to cold water pipes shall be check for tightness and adequacy.
- 6. Measure the resistance to ground of each ground rod [in a ground mat] before connection to the other ground rods. The resistance shall not exceed 10 ohms.
- 7. Measure the resistance to ground of the total ground system with all connections completed. The resistance shall not exceed 2 ohms for primary services or 5 ohms for secondary services.
- 8. Tests of the resistance to ground shall be made using either the three point method or the fall-of-potential method.
- 9. Perform a continuity check from equipment ground bus bars and ground lugs to the ground system.
- 10. Ground rods for manholes and light poles need not be tested.
- 11. Excessive Ground Resistance: Where resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Owner promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance and to accomplish recommended work.
- 12. Report: Prepare test reports, certified by the testing organization, of ground resistance at each test location. Include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.

B. Fire Alarm System

1. Perform testing in accordance with NFPA 72-2010, Chapter 10.

3.7 FUNCTIONAL TESTING

8.03.16 2013 CBC

- A. All automatic and manual functions shall be checked for proper operation.
- B. All indicating circuits, lights and alarms shall be tested for correct operation. Burned out indicators shall be re-lamped.
- C. Upon completion of the Work, place the entire installation in operation, test for proper function, and show systems and equipment to be free of defects.

END OF SECTION 26 9500

FORM 26 9500 - 1

MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR CABLE MEGGER TEST, 300 VOLTS & LESS

WIRING - SIGNAL & COMMUNICATION CABLE

Testing shall be performed before connecting the cables to the terminals at either end. Continuity of each conductor shall be checked at this time. Each conductor shall be checked with a 500 volt megger to ground, with all other conductors in the cable and shield, grounded. The minimum acceptable megger resistance shall be 50 megohms for each conductor to ground.

PROJECT NAME				_						
FEEDER NUMBER				LOCA	TION					
CABLE SIZE					CABLE LENGTH_					
NO. OF CONDUCTORS _					INSULATION TYPE					
MANUFACTURER _					LINE VOLTAGE					
TEMPERATURE				HUMI	IIDITY					
MEGGER TYPE				SERIA	AL NUMBER					
TEST VOLTAGE				MULT	TIPLIER					
REMARKS										
CONDUCTOR NO.	MEGOHMS		CONTINUITY		CONDUCTOR	MEGOHMS		CONTINUITY		
	c/c	C/S	PASS	FAIL	NO.	c/c	C/S	PASS	FAIL	
	C/C	C/3	FA33	TAIL						
TEST PERFORMED		gnature			Date					
TEST WITNESSED B		gnature			— Date					

FORM 26 9500 - 2

SINGLE & MULTIPLE CONDUCTOR POWER CABLE MEGGER TEST, 600 VOLTS & LESS

WIRING - FEEDER CIRCUITS

Testing shall be performed before connecting the cables to the terminals at either end. Continuity of each conductor shall be checked at this time. Each conductor shall be checked with a 500 volt megger to ground, with all other conductors (including shield) in the conduit or cable grounded. The minimum acceptable megger resistance shall be 50 megohms for each conductor to ground.

PROJECT NAME						
FEEDER NUMBER	LOCATION					
CABLE SIZE		CABLE LENGTH				
NO. OF CONDUCTORS	INSULATION TYPE					
MANUFACTURER	LINE VOLTAGE					
TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY					
MEGGER TYPE		SERIAL NUMBER				
TEST VOLTAGE		MULTIPLIER				
REMARKS						
			2011945	MECOUNE		
Cable No	MEGOHMS Phase A	1	OHMS ase B	MEGOHMS Phase C		
TEST PERFORMED BY						
TEST TERRORIVIED DI						
	Signature		Date			
TEST WITNESSED BY						
	Signature		Date			

SECTION 28 3100 - FIRE ALARM SYSTEM (MADERA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT)

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section of the Specifications includes the furnishing, installation, connection, and testing of the microprocessor controlled, non-addressable, reporting fire alarm equipment required to form a complete addition to the existing system as described in the Drawings. It shall include, but not be limited to control panels, booster power panels, alarm initiating devices, alarm notification appliances, auxiliary control devices, and annunciators.
- B. The intent of Drawings and specifications is to result in a complete and functional addition to the existing Fire Alarm System as described herein.

1.2 SCOPE

- A. The Contractor shall furnish and install all conduits, flexible conduits, fittings, raceways, blank covers and standard boxes necessary for the installation of the Fire Alarm System as shown on the Drawings.
- B. The Owner shall provide to the Contractor any special Fire Alarm rough-in material or special Fire Alarm backboxes for installation by the Contractor.
- C. The Owner shall furnish and install control panels, booster power panels, initiation devices and circuits, notification appliances and circuits, control relays, monitor modules, and supervisory devices to accomplish this intent whether or not specifically shown on the Drawings or specified in this Section.
- D. The Owner shall provide Testing (including pre-testing) and Programming necessary for the addition to the Fire Alarm System.
- E. The complete installation shall conform to the applicable sections of NFPA 72 and the 2013 California Electrical Code with particular attention to Article 760.
- F. The work specified herein shall be coordinated with the related work as specified elsewhere under the project specifications.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals for this Section shall be made according to the Conditions of the Contract, Division 1 Specification Sections and Specification Section 26 6000.
- B. General:
 - 1. Five copies of all submittals shall be submitted to the Architect/Engineer for review.

2. For equipment other than that specified, the contractor shall supply proof that such substitute equipment equals or exceeds the features, functions, performance, and quality of the specified equipment.

C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Sufficient information, clearly presented, shall be included to determine compliance with drawings and specifications.
- 2. Include manufacturer's name(s), model numbers, ratings, power requirements, equipment layout, device arrangement, complete wiring point-to-point diagrams, and conduit layouts.
- Show remote annunciator(s) layout, configurations, and terminations.

D. Manuals:

- 1. Submit simultaneously with the shop drawings, complete operating and maintenance manual listing the manufacturer's name(s) including technical data sheets.
- 2. Wiring diagrams shall indicate internal wiring for each item of equipment and the interconnections between the items of equipment.
- 3. Provide a clear and concise description of operation that gives, in detail, the information required to properly operate the equipment and system.

E. Certifications:

1. Together with the shop drawing submittal, submit a certification from the major equipment manufacturer indicating that the proposed supervisor of installation and the proposed performer of contract maintenance is an authorized representative of the major equipment manufacturer. Include names and addresses in the certification.

1.4 WARRANTY

A. All work performed and all material and equipment furnished under this Contract shall be free from defects and shall remain so for a period of at least one (1) year from the date of acceptance. The full cost of maintenance, labor and materials required to correct any defect during this one-year period shall be included in the submittal bid and is part of this Contract.

1.5 APPLICABLE STANDARDS:

- A. The specifications and standards listed below form a part of this specification. The system shall fully comply with these standards.
 - 1. 2013 NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code
 - 2. 2013 California Electrical Code (CEC)
 - 3. 2013 California Fire Code (CFC)
 - 4. 2013 California Mechanical Code (CMC)
 - 5. 2013 California Building Code (CBC)

- 6. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) USA:
 - a. No. 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
 - b. No. 864 9th Edition Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
 - c. No. 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications.
 - d. No. 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
 - e. No. 464 Audible Signaling Appliances.
 - f. No. 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes.
 - g. No. 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
 - h. No. 1971 Visual Notification Appliances for the hearing impaired.
- 7. American National Standards Audible Emergency Evacuation Signal ANSI S3.41
- 8. Local and State Building Codes
- 9. All requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

1.6 APPROVALS:

- A. The system shall have proper listing and/or approval from the following nationally recognized agencies:
 - 1. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
 - 2. FM Factory Mutual Systems
 - 3. CSFM California State Fire Marshal

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

A. This Fire Alarm System design is based on the use of microprocessor-based addressable fire alarm control and initiation equipment manufactured by Gamewell-FCI, Voice Evacuation Systems by Cooper Wheelock, and notification appliances manufactured by System Sensor.

2.2 VOICE EVACUATION SYSTEM

- A. The system shall be a multi-purpose NFPA compliant, supervised, general-purpose audio, and fire/emergency evacuation system.
- B. The system shall be a single channel voice evacuation system incorporating supervision during the broadcasting of background music and general paging.
- C. The system shall be capable of delivering 40 watts of supervised audio power and 2 amps of supervised 24 VDC synchronized strobe power. Minimum supervised audio power shall be 40 watts,

expandable to 5280 watts, depending on system configuration and with additional modules and power boosters. Supervised 24 VDC synchronized strobe power shall be 2 amps, expandable to the requirements of the installation.

- D. The system shall be capable of operating from a 120 VAC power source. All models shall have a 24 VDC battery backup.
- E. Standard on-board system features shall include: digital voice messaging, a hand-held push-to-talk microphone with override priority, and a power supply/battery charger.
- F. The system shall be capable of interfacing with telephone systems for general paging announcements and will have night ringer capabilities.
- G. Form C contacts shall be provided for system alarm and trouble conditions.
- H. The system shall have 8 message contacts with contact closure activation. Background music input voltage shall be capable of handling less then 2.5 V peak to peak or less then 0.3 volts.
- I. The system shall have thirteen priority ordered inputs, including: On Board Microphone, Auxiliary Input (Line Level), 8 Digital Messages, Night Ringer Input, Telephone Paging Input, and Background Music Input. The system shall have preset audio levels for emergency messaging (prerecorded and live mic). The system shall revert back to a preset level regardless of the volume set for background music (BGM) or general paging.
- J. Background music inputs can be an AM/FM tuner, cassette, CD, MP3, or any other remote source. The system shall be supplied with 8 pre-recorded messages and be capable of in-field recording of customer unique messages.
- K. The system shall have a dual-tone tone generator with Code-3 Tone and Slow Whoop.
- L. When the system is on battery power, telephone page, night ring and background music shall be disengaged.
- M. The panel shall have power-limited circuitry with an internal battery charger and power supply. The power supply/charger section shall be able to charge 24 VDC batteries with a maximum capacity of 33 amp hours. Up to two 12 VDC, 12 AH batteries may be housed in the enclosure. Batteries larger than 12 Ah shall be housed in a separate enclosure such as the Cooper Wheelock BATC or equivalent. Batteries shall be supplied separately.
- N. The system shall have power limited circuitry and class B wiring. Wiring terminal blocks will be removable and accept #22-#12 AWG wire.
- O. Audio output voltage shall be selectable for 25V or 70.7V. The voice (live microphone or recorded message) frequency response shall be 275 Hz–6.5 kHz, background music frequency response shall be 100 Hz–15 kHz. Stand by current draw shall be 140mA. Alarm current draw shall be 4.7 amps. The signal to noise ratio shall be better than 65 dB, dynamic range shall be better than 65 dB, total harmonic distortion shall be less than 2%.
- P. The system shall be wall mountable, enclosed in a steel locking enclosure. The required batteries for 40 watt systems shall fit inside the enclosure. The 40 watt system shall weigh no more than 36 lbs (without batteries) and its dimensions shall not exceed 21" H x 16" W x 6" D.

Q. Approvals for the system shall include: UL Standard 864, 9th edition, UL Standard 1711, FCC part 15, California State Fire Marshal (CSFM) and New York City (MEA). The system shall be OSHA 1910.165 and ADA compliant. 1 Year Warranty.

2.3 TERMINAL BOXES, JUNCTION BOXES AND CABINETS:

A. All boxes and cabinets shall be UL listed for their use and purpose.

2.4 INITIATION DEVICES

A. Smoke Detectors

- Photoelectric Smoke Detectors
 - a. Smoke detectors shall be addressable and shall connect with two wires to the Fire Alarm Control Panel Signaling Line Circuit.
 - b. The detectors shall use the photoelectric (light-scattering) principal to measure smoke density.
 - c. The detectors shall be low profile ceiling-mount and shall include a twist-lock base.
 - d. The detectors shall provide a test means whereby they will simulate an alarm condition and report that condition to the control panel. Such a test may be initiated at the detector itself (by activating a switch) or initiated remotely on command from the control panel.
 - e. The detectors shall provide an alarm and power LED. The LED shall flash under normal conditions, indicating that the detector is operational and in regular communication with the control panel. The LED is placed into steady illumination by the control panel indicating that an alarm condition has been detected. An output connection shall also be provided in the base to connect an external remote alarm LED.

B. Heat Detectors

- Addressable Attic Heat Detectors
 - a. Attic Heat Detectors shall be the fixed high temperature (200-deg F) type approved for 50ft spacing.

2.5 NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

A. Speakers

- 1. The speaker shall be capable of producing alarm tones or voice on all 25 or 70.7 VRMS audio systems.
- 2. The speaker shall provide incremental tap settings of 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 1, 2 or 4 watts.
- 3. Minimum dBA ratings at 1/4 watt shall be 76.7 dBA and at 4 watts 87.9 dBA.
- 4. Tap settings shall be adjustable with field selectable jumper pins.

- 5. The speaker shall also have an optional visual signal capability. The visual signal shall have a 1Hz flash rate regardless of input voltage.
- 6. All field wiring connections shall be made via separate in-out terminal connections and the speaker or speaker strobe shall be ANSI/UL and CSFM listed and comply with all local, state and federal fire alarm codes/standards.
- 7. Speakers mounted on the exterior of a building shall be weatherproof and shall be in a weatherproof box.

B. Strobes

- 1. Strobes are visual notification appliances for the hearing impaired.
- Strobes shall operate on 24 VDC nominal.
- 3. Strobes shall meet the requirements of the ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) as well as UL Standard 1971.
- 4. Strobes shall be flush mounted in an electrical box in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

C. Combination Speaker/Strobes

- Combination horn/strobes are audible and visual notification appliances that combine the features of programmable electronic audible notification appliances and visual notification appliances in a single device.
- 2. Speaker/Strobes shall be flush mounted in an electrical box in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PRE-CONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Prior to performing any Fire Alarm work, or work that may affect the Fire Alarm system, the Owner shall test the existing Fire Alarm system and generate a test report identifying <u>all</u> non-working parts of the existing Fire Alarm system.
- B. Pre-construction testing shall be witnessed by: (1) the Owner or his authorized representative; (2) the Inspector of Record; (3) the Owner's Fire Alarm Contractor or his authorized representative.
- C. The test report shall be signed by the Inspector of Record and copies of the test report shall be submitted to the Owner, Architect and Engineer for review prior to the commencement of any Fire Alarm work, or work that may affect the Fire Alarm system.
- D. In the event that the existing Fire Alarm system is found to be in its system normal operating state, the Owner may commence Fire Alarm work.
- E. In the event that the existing Fire Alarm system is found to be in "trouble", "alarm" or any state other than its system normal operating state, the Owner shall perform repairs or take other reasonable corrective action, prior to the commencing of work on the Fire Alarm system.

F. In the event that work commences prior to the pre-construction testing of the existing Fire Alarm system and the Fire Alarm system is subsequently found to be in "trouble", "alarm" or any state other than its system normal operating state, the Owner shall perform the required repairs to return the system to its system normal operating state at no increase in Contract price.

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Installation shall be in accordance with the NEC, NFPA 72, local and state codes, as shown on the drawings, and as recommended by the equipment manufacturer.
- B. All fire detection and alarm system devices, control panels and remote annunciators shall be flush mounted when located in finished areas and may be surface mounted when located in unfinished areas.

3.3 WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Fire Alarm System initiation device circuits and notification appliance circuits shall be installed in conduit. The minimum conduit size shall be 3/4".
- B. All conduit, junction boxes, conduit supports and hangers shall be concealed in finished areas and may be exposed in unfinished areas. Smoke detectors shall not be installed prior to the system programming and test period. If construction is ongoing during this period, measures shall be taken to protect smoke detectors from contamination and physical damage.
- C. Power-Limited Circuits: NFPA 70, Types FPL, FPLR, or FPLP, as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Each Fire Alarm Control Panel and Fire Alarm Expander Panel shall be connected to a separate dedicated 120V, 20A branch circuit with a dedicated neutral conductor and an equipment grounding conductor. The circuit breakers shall be painted red and shall be labeled at the panelboard as "FIRE ALARM CIRCUIT". Fire Alarm Booster Power Panel Primary Power wiring shall be 12 AWG. The Fire Alarm Panel cabinet shall be grounded.

3.4 GROUNDING

- A. Ground cable shields and equipment according to system manufacturer's written instructions to eliminate shock hazard and to minimize, to the greatest extent possible, ground loops, common-mode returns, noise pickup, cross talk, and other impairments.
- B. Signal Ground Terminal: Locate at main equipment rack or cabinet. Isolate from power system and equipment grounding.

3.5 PROGRAMMING

- A. The Owner shall provide all programming of the Fire Alarm System to result in a complete and functional Fire Alarm System in accordance with all applicable codes and standards, and as specified herein.
- B. Zone Programming:

- 1. The Owner shall provide zone programming for the Fire Alarm System as follows:
 - a. Each building shall be programmed as a separate zone.
 - b. Each floor of a multi-story building shall be programmed as a separate zone.
 - c. Each section of a floor in a building that is separated by area separation walls or by horizontal exits shall be programmed as a separate zone.
 - d. Additional zones shall be programmed where deemed necessary by the authority having jurisdiction.
- Zone programming for the Fire Alarm System shall match the zone map (refer to Article titled, IDENTIFICATION AND DOCUMENTATION, for zone map requirements.)

3.6 IDENTIFICATION AND DOCUMENTATION

- A. Zone Map The Owner shall create an 11"x17" site plan identifying each building and identifying the zones. The zone map shall be created by a CAD program and shall be posted under plastic cover at the location of the fire alarm control panel.
- B. Device Location Map For each building the Owner shall create an 11"x17" floor plan of the building showing the location of each device and the device address as it is annunciated at the control panel and remote annunciator. The device location map shall be created by a CAD program and shall be posted under plastic cover at the location of the fire alarm control panel or fire alarm booster power supply within each building.
- C. Paint each circuit breaker handle for the branch circuits that supply power to the Fire Alarm Control Panel and Fire Alarm Booster Power Panels red and label "FIRE ALARM CIRCUIT."

3.7 ACCEPTANCE TESTING AND CERTIFICATION

- A. Prior to the final acceptance test provide the service of a competent, factory-trained engineer or technician authorized by the manufacturer of the fire alarm equipment to technically supervise and participate during all of the adjustments and tests for the system:
 - 1. Before energizing the cables and wires, check for correct connections and test for short circuits, ground faults, continuity, and insulation.
 - 2. Close each sprinkler system flow valve and verify proper supervisory alarm at the FACP.
 - 3. Verify activation of all flow switches.
 - 4. Open initiating device circuits and verify that the trouble signal actuates.
 - 5. Open and short signaling line circuits and verify that the trouble signal actuates.
 - 6. Open and short Notification Appliance Circuits and verify that trouble signal actuates.
 - 7. Ground all circuits and verify response of trouble signals.
 - 8. Check presence and audibility of tone at all alarm notification devices.

- 9. Check installation, supervision, and operation of all addressable smoke detectors using the Walk Test.
- 10. Each of the alarm conditions that the system is required to detect should be introduced on the system. Verify the proper receipt and the proper processing of the signal at the FACP and the correct activation of the control points.
- 11. When the system is equipped with optional features, the manufacturer's manual should be consulted to determine the proper testing procedures. This is intended to address such items as verifying the controls performance by individually addressed or grouped devices, sensitivity monitoring, verification functionality and similar.
- B. At the final inspection a manufacturer-trained representative shall demonstrate that the system functions properly in every respect.
- C. Upon completion of the installation, a test of the entire system shall be performed in the presence of the Inspector of Record and the local authority having jurisdiction. The local Fire Marshal shall be notified and invited to witness the test a minimum of 72 hours prior to the test. Components and functions of the system shall be tested and an Inspection and Testing Record Form shall be generated in accordance with NFPA 72 indicating the proper functioning of each component of the system.
- D. If devices or other components of the system fail during testing the defective devices or components shall be removed and immediately replaced with functional units and the test shall be repeated.
- E. The Owner shall furnish a completed Fire Alarm System Record of Completion in accordance with NFPA 72 and shall provide the Certification of Completion to the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

3.8 FIRE WATCH

A. The Owner shall provide a 24-hour fire watch each day that the campus is occupied until the fire alarm system is fully operational and the Fire Alarm System Record of Completion has been submitted to the Authority Having Jurisdiction. All costs of the fire watch shall be borne by the Contractor.

3.9 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTAL

- A. The Owner shall submit closeout submittal documentation consisting of the following items:
 - 1. Full size fire alarm "as-built" record drawings;
 - 2. Device cut sheets and CSFM listing services;
 - 3. A copy of the Fire Alarm System Record of Completion signed by the Installer and the Inspector of Record;
 - 4. Owner's Manuals and Operating Instructions.

END OF SECTION 28 3100